

Summary of Financial Results

For the First Half of the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2016 (Consolidated)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan. The following English translation is based on the original Japanese-language document.

Aug 1, 2016

POLA ORBIS HOLDINGS INC.

Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section (Code No.: 4927)
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 Start of Cash Dividend Payment: Sep 9, 2016
 Supplemental Materials Prepared for Quarterly Financial Results: Yes
 Conference Presentation for Quarterly Financial Results: Yes (for analysts)

(Amounts less than one million yen have been truncated)

1. Consolidated Performance for the First Half of Fiscal 2016

(January 1, 2016–June 30, 2016)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

(Percentage figures indicate year-on-year change)

	Net Sales		Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
FY2016 First Half	106,957	7.2	12,150	31.5	11,258	16.4	8,264	35.7
FY2015 First Half	99,783	4.0	9,239	10.9	9,673	20.3	6,090	64.6

Note: Comprehensive income: ¥4,182 million(-9.9%) for the First Half of FY2016;
 ¥4,642 million (14.5%) for the First Half of FY2015

	Net Income Per Share	Diluted Net Income Per Share
	Yen	Yen
FY2016 First Half	149.48	149.28
FY2015 First Half	110.17	110.03

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Equity Ratio	Net Assets Per Share
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
FY2016 Second Quarter	223,667	180,421	80.5	3,255.97
FY2015	235,734	180,635	76.5	3,260.00

Reference: Equity capital: FY2016 Second Quarter: ¥180,015 million; FY2015: ¥180,238 million

2. Dividends

	Annual Cash Dividends Per Share				
	Q1-end	Q2-end	Q3-end	Year-end	Total
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
FY2015	—	70.00	—	80.00	150.00
FY2016	—	90.00	—	—	—
FY2016 (Forecast)	—	—	—	110.00	200.00

Note: Revisions to the cash dividends forecast announced most recently: none

3. Consolidated Performance Forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2016

(January 1, 2016–December 31, 2016)

(Percentage figures indicate year-on-year change)

	Net Sales		Operating Income		Ordinary Income		Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent		Net Income Per Share
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen
FY2016	223,000	3.8	26,000	15.5	25,300	13.2	17,200	22.0	311.10

Note: Revisions to the consolidated performance forecast announced most recently: yes

Notes to Summary Information

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the current period
(Changes in specific subsidiaries resulting in changes in the scope of consolidation) : None

(2) Application of special accounting methods for the preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements : None

(3) Changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates, and restatement
 1) Changes in accounting policies associated with revision of accounting standards : Yes
 2) Changes other than (3)-1) : None
 3) Changes in accounting estimates : None
 4) Restatements : None

Note: Please refer to “2. Summary Information (Notes) (2) Changes in Accounting Policies, Accounting Estimates, and Restatement” on page 6 for further detailed information.

(4) Number of shares issued and outstanding (common stock)
 1) Number of shares issued and outstanding at the end of each period (including treasury stock)
 At June 30, 2016 57,284,039 shares
 At December 31, 2015 57,284,039 shares
 2) Number of shares of treasury stock at the end of each period
 At June 30, 2016 1,996,110 shares
 At December 31, 2015 1,996,110 shares
 3) Average number of shares issued and outstanding in each period
 Six months ended June 30, 2016 55,287,929 shares
 Six months ended June 30, 2015 55,285,706 shares

Information Regarding Audit Procedures

This quarterly financial report is not included in the scope of the quarterly review procedures pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (the “Act”). At the time of disclosure of this report, review procedures for the quarterly financial statements pursuant to the Act, have not been completed.

Explanation of Appropriate Use of Performance Forecast and Other Special Items

This report contains projections of performance and other projections based on information currently available and certain assumptions judged to be reasonable. Actual performance may differ materially from these projections resulting from changes in the economic environment and other risks and uncertainties. For performance projections, please refer to “1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Performance for the First Half of Fiscal 2016 (3) Explanation of Consolidated Performance Forecast and Other Predictive Information” on page 5.

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1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Performance for the First Half of Fiscal 2016

(1) Explanation of Consolidated Operating Results

During the first half of fiscal 2016 (January 1 – June 30, 2016), the Japanese economy continued on a moderate recovery track backed by improvement in the employment situation and corporate earnings, and this trend is expected to continue in the future. However, there are concerns about the impact of overseas economies and fluctuations in financial capital markets.

The domestic cosmetics market grew steadily, mainly in skincare products, despite signs of weakening growth in inbound consumption by tourists visiting Japan. However, the market scale remained the same as the previous year when inbound consumption is excluded. In the overseas cosmetics market, a modest expansion continued, despite a slowdown in economic growth in China and other emerging countries in Asia.

Within this market environment, the POLA ORBIS Group (the “Group”) continued its efforts to achieve enhanced corporate value by further strengthening the domestic earnings structure, accelerating overseas expansion, and improving capital efficiency during the current fiscal year, which marks the final year of the three-year medium-term management plan (from 2014 to 2016).

As a result of these factors, the Group achieved the following consolidated operating results for the first half of fiscal 2016.

Consolidated net sales for the first half of fiscal 2016 grew 7.2% year on year, to ¥106,957 million, reflecting the strong performance of the brands under development—THREE and decencia, in addition to the flagship brand POLA. Operating income rose 31.5% year on year, to ¥12,150 million, resulting from higher gross profit accompanying the increase in sales. Ordinary income advanced 16.4% year on year, to ¥11,258 million. In addition to the above results, profit attributable to owners of parent grew 35.7% year on year, to ¥8,264 million, due to an increase in income taxes, despite the recording of extraordinary income in association with the transfer of noncurrent assets.

Operating Results Overview

(Millions of yen)

	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2015	2016	Year-on-Year	
			Amount Change	Percent Change (%)
Net Sales	¥99,783	¥106,957	¥7,173	7.2
Operating Income	9,239	12,150	2,910	31.5
Ordinary Income	9,673	11,258	1,584	16.4
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	¥6,090	¥8,264	¥2,174	35.7

Operating Results by Segment

Net Sales (Segment Sales to External Customers)

(Millions of yen)

	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2015	2016	Year-on-Year	
			Amount Change	Percent Change (%)
Beauty Care	¥93,133	¥99,343	¥6,209	6.7
Real Estate	1,451	1,517	65	4.5
Others	5,197	6,096	898	17.3
Total	¥99,783	¥106,957	¥7,173	7.2

Segment Profit (Loss) (Operating Income (Loss))

(Millions of yen)

	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2015	2016	Year-on-Year	
			Amount Change	Percent Change (%)
Beauty Care	¥8,675	¥12,080	¥3,404	39.2
Real Estate	597	797	200	33.5
Others	72	(335)	(407)	—
Reconciliations of Segment Profit (Note)	(106)	(392)	(285)	—
Total	¥9,239	¥12,150	¥2,910	31.5

Note: Reconciliations of segment profit refer to elimination of profits arising from inter-company transactions and expenses not allocated to reportable segments. Please see note 2 in “1. Information about Net Sales and Profit (Loss) by Reportable Segment” on page 11 and 12 for the details of reconciliations of segment income during the period.

Beauty Care

The Beauty Care segment consists of the flagship brands **POLA** and **ORBIS**; the overseas brands **Jurlique** and **H2O PLUS**, and the brands under development—**pdc**, **FUTURE LABO**, **decencia**, **ORLANE**, and **THREE**.

POLA is seeking to achieve long-term stable growth through revamped branding and educational investment and change of the sales commission system for development of professional Beauty Directors. Business in the domestic market performed favorably thanks to a steady increase in customers due to proactive launches of new products and sales promotions, including the launch in March of the daytime cream **B.A Protector**, and a full update of esthetic services in April, in addition to expansion of inbound sales from tourists visiting Japan in health and beauty foods and cosmetics. In overseas markets, results have been challenging overall with the exception of the Hong Kong market. As a result of these factors, POLA recorded net sales exceeding those of the corresponding period of the previous year.

ORBIS is making efforts to reinforce brand communication, acquire customers by means of social media, and improve second-time purchase rates with the aim of achieving further growth and improved profitability through brand evolution. In the domestic market, the number of customers grew due to the launch in March of **ORBIS=U WHITE** series for skin-whitening and anti-aging care, in addition to enhancements to the point system and communications using social media. Operating income, however, fell below that of the corresponding period of the previous year owing to the decrease of the efficiency for points expenses. China and Singapore saw favorable sales growth, with results exceeding those of the corresponding period of the previous year. As a result of these factors, net sales of the ORBIS brand exceeded those of the corresponding period of the previous year.

For overseas brands, the Group is endeavoring to maintain a high rate of growth and achieve the contribution to revenues and earnings, focusing on Asia as a growth driver. **Jurlique** showed a performance on par with that of the previous year in the Australian market but continued to face severe conditions in the Hong Kong markets. Additionally, influenced by the change from retail sales to distributor sales since March in the Chinese markets, net sales fell below those of the corresponding period of the previous year. Although **H2O PLUS** carried out brand restaging to restore growth, net sales fell below those of the corresponding period of the previous year due to the impact of declining sales resulting from the closure of underperforming stores in China. As a result, net sales of overseas brands fell below those of the corresponding period of the previous year.

Brands under development recorded net sales exceeding those of the corresponding period of the previous year, due to the strong performance of **THREE** and **decencia**.

As a result of the factors noted above, net sales—sales to external customers—were ¥99,343 million, up 6.7% year on year, and operating income was ¥12,080 million, up 39.2% year on year.

Real Estate

The Real Estate segment concentrates on the leasing of office buildings in urban areas. Efforts are currently directed at sustaining rent levels but leaning more toward raising rents and occupancy rates by creating attractive office environments. Another area of emphasis is the residential properties rental business. This business highlights condominiums perfect for families with young children. During the first half of fiscal 2016, net sales exceeded those of the corresponding period of the previous year due to rises in tenant occupancy rates and unit prices per tsubo (equivalent to approximately 3.3 square meters), as a result of revising occupancy conditions in light of the situation in the market and at other companies as well as carrying out measures to improve the value of buildings.

As a result of the above, net sales—sales to external customers—generated by the Real Estate segment totaled ¥1,517 million, up 4.5% year on year, and operating income was ¥797 million, up 33.5% year on year.

Others

The Others segment comprises the pharmaceuticals and building maintenance businesses.

The pharmaceuticals business draws on results accumulated by Group companies in research related to cosmetics and quasi-pharmaceuticals to develop, manufacture and sell new pharmaceuticals and conduct contract manufacturing of pharmaceuticals. During the first half of fiscal 2016, net sales were up year on year as a result of the Group's continued sales activities specializing in the priority field of dermatology, in addition to sales of **Duac® Gel**, a combination drug for the treatment of acne vulgaris, under a license agreement with the GlaxoSmithKline Group, and the launch in April of **LUCONAC® Solution 5%**, a treatment for onychomycosis. Meanwhile, operating income declined year on year, due to the additional costs incurred for initial promotion of the two new drugs.

The building maintenance business is engaged in the operation and management of buildings mainly catering to the needs of Group companies. During the first half of fiscal 2016, the Group saw growth in orders received thanks to ongoing sales activities, and net sales exceeded those of the corresponding period of the previous year.

As a result of the above, net sales—sales to external customers—generated by the Others segment totaled ¥6,096 million, up 17.3% year on year, and operating loss amounted to ¥335 million (¥72 million in operating income for the corresponding period of the previous year).

(2) Explanation of Consolidated Financial Position

As of June 30, 2016, total assets stood at ¥223,667 million, down 5.1%, or ¥12,067 million, from December 31, 2015. Factors related to this change included decreases of ¥5,741 million in cash and deposits, ¥2,731 million in notes and accounts receivable – trade, ¥797 million in land due to the sale of idle property, ¥1,835 million in goodwill and ¥1,120 million in right of trademark due to exchange rate movements.

Total liabilities amounted to ¥43,245 million, down 21.5%, or ¥11,853 million, from December 31, 2015. Factors related to this change included decreases of ¥2,399 million in income taxes payable and ¥8,220 million in “Other” of current liabilities due to a decrease in sales commission payable.

Net assets amounted to ¥180,421 million, down 0.1%, or ¥213 million, from December 31, 2015. Factors contributing to this change included a decrease of ¥3,845 million in foreign currency translation adjustments due to exchange rate movements and ¥4,423 million in dividends from retained earnings, partially offset by profit attributable to owners of parent of ¥8,264 million.

(3) Explanation of Consolidated Performance Forecast and Other Predictive Information

Due to the favorable performance of POLA brand for six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company has revised its consolidated performance forecast for fiscal 2016 as follows, for the figures announced on May 2, 2016.

Revisions to the Consolidated Performance Forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2016
(January 1, 2016—December 31, 2016)

	(Millions of yen)				
	Twelve Months Ending December 31				
	Net Sales	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income	Net Income Per Share(yen)
Previous Forecast (A)	¥219,000	¥25,000	¥25,100	¥17,200	¥311.10
Current Forecast (B)	223,000	26,000	25,300	17,200	311.10
Amount Change (B—A)	4,000	1,000	200	—	—
Percent Change (%) (reference)	1.8	4.0	0.8	—	—
Actual Results for Fiscal 2015	¥214,788	¥22,511	¥22,359	¥14,095	¥254.95

(Information for reference)

Cumulative Results for Fiscal 2015

	(Millions of yen)			
	Three Months	Six Months	Nine Months	Full Year
Net Sales	¥45,392	¥99,783	¥152,503	¥214,788
Operating Income	2,909	9,239	15,247	22,511
Ordinary Income	3,047	9,673	15,404	22,359
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	¥ 2,446	¥ 6,090	¥ 9,257	¥ 14,095

Quarterly Results for Fiscal 2015

	(Millions of yen)			
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Net Sales	¥45,392	¥54,390	¥52,719	¥62,285
Operating Income	2,909	6,329	6,008	7,263
Ordinary Income	3,047	6,626	5,730	6,955
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	¥ 2,446	¥ 3,644	¥ 3,167	¥ 4,837

2. Summary Information (Notes)

(1) Changes in Significant Subsidiaries during the Current Period

None

(2) Changes in Accounting Policies, Accounting Estimates, and Restatement

(Changes in Accounting Policies)

Effective from the first quarter of fiscal 2016, the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations (ASBJ Statement No. 21, issued on September 13, 2013; the "Business Combinations Accounting Standard"), the Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements (ASBJ Statement No. 22, issued on September 13, 2013; the "Consolidation Accounting Standard"), the Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures (ASBJ Statement No. 7, issued on September 13, 2013; the "Business Divestitures Accounting Standard"), and other accounting standards have been applied. Accordingly, the method of recording differences associated with changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries under ongoing control of the Company was changed to record them as capital surplus, and the method of recording acquisition-related costs was changed to recognize them as expenses for the fiscal year in which the costs are incurred. Furthermore, for business combinations carried out on or after January 1, 2016, the accounting method was changed to reflect the reviewed acquisition cost allocation resulting from the finalization of the tentative accounting treatment in the quarterly consolidated financial statements for the quarterly period in which the business combination occurs. In addition, the presentation of net income, etc. has been changed, and the presentation of minority interests has been changed to non-controlling interests. In order to reflect these changes in presentation, reclassification was made to the quarterly consolidated financial statements for the three months of fiscal 2015 and to the consolidated financial statements for fiscal 2015.

Application of the Business Combinations Accounting Standard and other standards is in accordance with the transitional treatment provided in Article 58-2 (4) of the Business Combinations Accounting Standard, Article 44-5 (4) of the Consolidation Accounting Standard, and Article 57-4 (4) of the Business Divestitures Accounting Standard, and these standards will be applied from the beginning of the first quarter of fiscal 2016 and on into the future.

These changes have no effect on the quarterly consolidated financial statements for the first half of fiscal 2016.

(Change in the Depreciation Method for Property, Plant and Equipment)

In accordance with a revision of the Corporation Tax Act, "Practical Solution on a Change in Depreciation Method due to Tax Reform 2016" (PITF No. 32, issued on June 17, 2016) has been applied effective from the second quarter of fiscal 2016. Accordingly, the depreciation method for facilities attached to buildings and structures that were acquired on or after April 1, 2016 has been changed from the declining-balance method to the straight-line method.

This change has minimal effect on the quarterly consolidated financial statements for the first half of fiscal 2016.

3. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements**(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(Millions of yen)

	FY2015 December 31, 2015	FY2016 Second Quarter June 30, 2016
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	¥ 47,451	¥ 41,709
Notes and accounts receivable – trade	27,646	24,914
Short-term investments in securities	16,700	15,400
Merchandise and finished goods	13,463	13,226
Work in process	1,294	1,124
Raw materials and supplies	4,693	4,301
Other	8,928	8,603
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(154)	(176)
Total current assets	120,022	109,104
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures, net	19,354	18,321
Land	19,135	18,337
Other, net	14,877	14,787
Total property, plant and equipment	53,367	51,446
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	11,894	10,059
Right of trademark	8,983	7,862
Other	11,866	11,476
Total intangible assets	32,745	29,398
Investments and other assets		
Investments in securities	21,447	25,582
Other	8,219	8,206
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(67)	(71)
Total investments and other assets	29,599	33,717
Total non-current assets	115,711	114,562
Total assets	¥235,734	¥223,667

(Millions of yen)

	FY2015 December 31, 2015	FY2016 Second Quarter June 30, 2016
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable – trade	¥ 5,386	¥ 5,247
Short-term loans payable	600	600
Income taxes payable	5,523	3,123
Provision for bonuses	1,734	1,166
Provision for point program	3,450	3,471
Other provisions	390	174
Other	26,727	18,507
Total current liabilities	43,812	32,290
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term loans payable	1,000	1,000
Other provisions	56	56
Net defined benefit liability	4,026	3,910
Other	6,202	5,986
Total non-current liabilities	11,285	10,954
Total liabilities	55,098	43,245
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	10,000	10,000
Capital surplus	90,722	90,722
Retained earnings	77,381	81,222
Treasury stock	(2,194)	(2,194)
Total shareholders' equity	175,909	179,750
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	512	278
Foreign currency translation adjustments	4,359	513
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(542)	(527)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	4,329	265
Subscription rights to shares	183	209
Non-controlling interests	214	196
Total net assets	180,635	180,421
Total liabilities and net assets	¥235,734	¥223,667

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Millions of yen)

	Six Months Ended June 30	
	FY2015 (January 1, 2015– June 30, 2015)	FY2016 (January 1, 2016– June 30, 2016)
Net sales	¥99,783	¥106,957
Cost of sales	19,140	20,121
Gross profit	80,643	86,836
Selling, general and administrative expenses		
Sales commission	22,714	23,215
Promotion expenses	10,052	11,939
Advertising expenses	3,693	4,078
Salaries, allowances and bonuses	11,287	10,750
Provision for bonuses	1,012	1,053
Provision for point program	2,977	3,276
Other	19,665	20,371
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	71,403	74,685
Operating income	9,239	12,150
Non-operating income		
Interest income	141	126
Dividend income	5	7
Foreign exchange gains	214	—
Other	163	96
Total non-operating income	525	229
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	44	34
Foreign exchange losses	—	1,064
Other	46	22
Total non-operating expenses	91	1,121
Ordinary income	9,673	11,258
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of non-current assets	0	2,997
Reversal of foreign currency translation adjustments	538	—
Other	6	25
Total extraordinary income	545	3,022
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	107	125
Other	11	33
Total extraordinary losses	119	159
Profit before income taxes	10,100	14,121
Income taxes – current	3,949	5,621
Income taxes – deferred	44	224
Total income taxes	3,994	5,846
Profit	6,105	8,275
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	15	10
Profit attributable to owners of parent	¥ 6,090	¥ 8,264

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Millions of yen)

	Six Months Ended June 30	
	FY2015 (January 1, 2015– June 30, 2015)	FY2016 (January 1, 2016– June 30, 2016)
Profit	¥6,105	¥8,275
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	136	(233)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,609)	(3,873)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	10	14
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method	0	0
Total other comprehensive income	(1,462)	(4,092)
Comprehensive income	4,642	4,182
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	4,621	4,200
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	¥21	¥(17)

(3) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**(Going Concern Assumptions)**

None

(Significant Changes in Shareholders' Equity)

None

(Segment Information)

I. First Half of Fiscal 2015 (January 1, 2015-June 30, 2015)

1. Information about Net Sales and Profit (Loss) by Reportable Segment

	Reportable Segments			Others (Note 1)	Subtotal	Reconciliations (Note 2)	(Millions of yen)
	Beauty Care	Real Estate	Subtotal				Amount Shown on the Consolidated Financial Statements (Note 3)
Net Sales							
Sales to External Customers	¥93,133	¥1,451	¥94,585	¥5,197	¥99,783	—	¥99,783
Intersegment Sales or Transfers	43	237	281	1,000	1,282	¥(1,282)	—
Total	93,177	1,689	94,867	6,198	101,065	(1,282)	99,783
Segment Profit	¥8,675	¥597	¥9,273	¥72	¥9,346	¥(106)	¥9,239

Notes: 1. "Others" comprises business operations that are not categorized as reportable segments and include the pharmaceuticals and building maintenance businesses.

2. The segment profit reconciliation of ¥(106) million includes intersegment transaction eliminations of ¥972 million, and corporate expenses of ¥(1,079) million not allocated to each segment. Corporate expenses are primarily the Company's administrative expenses not allocated to reportable segments.

3. Segment profit is adjusted for operating income reported in the quarterly consolidated statements of income.

2. Information about Impairment Loss of Non-current Assets and Goodwill by Reportable Segment

(Significant Impairment Loss of Non-current Assets)

None

(Significant Changes in Goodwill)

None

II. First Half of Fiscal 2016 (January 1, 2016–June 30, 2016)

1. Information about Net Sales and Profit (Loss) by Reportable Segment

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segments			Others (Note 1)	Subtotal	Reconciliations (Note 2)	Amount Shown on the Consolidated Financial Statements (Note 3)
	Beauty Care	Real Estate	Subtotal				
Net Sales							
Sales to External Customers	¥99,343	¥1,517	¥100,860	¥6,096	¥106,957	—	¥106,957
Intersegment Sales or Transfers	46	353	400	1,228	1,628	¥(1,628)	—
Total	99,389	1,871	101,261	7,324	108,586	(1,628)	106,957
Segment Profit (Loss)	¥12,080	¥797	¥12,877	¥(335)	¥12,542	¥(392)	¥12,150

- Notes: 1. "Others" comprises business operations that are not categorized as reportable segments and include the pharmaceuticals and building maintenance businesses.
2. The segment profit reconciliation of ¥(392) million includes intersegment transaction eliminations of ¥1,030 million, and corporate expenses of ¥(1,422) million not allocated to each segment. Corporate expenses are primarily the Company's administrative expenses not allocated to reportable segments.
3. Segment profit is adjusted for operating income reported in the quarterly consolidated statements of income.

2. Information about Impairment Loss of Non-current Assets and Goodwill by Reportable Segment

(Significant Impairment Loss of Non-current Assets)

None

(Significant Changes in Goodwill)

None